

Our Mission

To enhance patient engagement in and provider use of evidence-based practices for Veterans with chronic disease



Spring 2018

CCDOR Highlights

Erin Krebs and her SPACE team has received significant attention for their March 6 JAMA article, "Effect of Opioid vs Nonopioid Medications on Pain-Related Function in Patients With Chronic Back Pain or Hip or Knee Osteoarthritis Pain The SPACE Randomized Clinical Trial," which showed that opioids are not better at treating chronic pain than nonopioids.



Photo: April Eilers - Mpls VA Public Affairs

- Shahnaz Sultan was appointed Chair-Elect to the Clinical Guideline Committee (CGC) for the American Gastroenterological Association. AGA is one of the leading professional societies in the field of gastroenterology with over 16,000 members. Dr. Sultan will help AGA implement and monitor a standard process for guideline development and develop evidence-based clinical guidance documents, algorithms and other resources for the management and treatment of digestive diseases and conditions.
- Timothy Wilt was named Chair of the American College of Physicians Clinical Guidelines Committee (ACP-CGC). ACP is the largest medical specialty society in the world with over 150,000 members. The CGC is comprised of approximately 16 physician and public members selected from around the world. As Chair, Dr. Wilt will help oversee and lead in the direction and development of ACP-CGC methods, policies, and recommendations.
- Shannon Kehle-Forbes was the lead author for paper "Experiences with VHA Care: A Qualitative Study of U.S. Women Veterans with Self-Reported Trauma Histories," which was cited in written testimony of the American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists before the House Committee on Veterans' affairs regarding H.R. 3642, The Military SAVE Act, October 24, 2017.
- Aasma Shaukat and colleagues published their paper, "BMI is a Risk Factor for Colorectal Cancer Mortality," which confirmed that higher body mass index is linked to a greater risk of death from colorectal cancer. The paper was highlighted in the Minneapolis VA 2017 annual report.

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Calendar

Journal Club (presenter: Elisheva Danan)-May 3

> VA Research Day—May 16 Memorial Day-May 28

Journal Club (presenter: Brent Taylor)-June 7

Medicine Research Conference (presenter: Melissa Partin)-June 21

Independence Day-Jul 4

Labor Day—Sep 3

SPACE Trial Receives National & International Attention

Dr. Erin Krebs and colleagues embarked on their groups at 12 months. In addition, the Veterans receiving parative Effectiveness (SPACE) Trial, a 4 1/2-year Investi- than their non-opioid counterparts. gator-Initiated Research (IIR) that was designed to fill a

HSR&D-funded Strategies for Prescribing Analgesics Com- opioids had more medication-related adverse symptoms

Being the first completed RCT of long-term opioid theracritical gap in the evidence of using opioids to treat chronic py for chronic pain, coupled with its findings in the midst of pain. The study compared the effectiveness and harms of the country's opioid epidemic, SPACE has received signifitwo forms of treatment (opioid therapy vs. nonopioid thera- cant attention on several platforms. Dr. Krebs presented py) for chronic back, hip or knee pain in Veterans. Dr. the results of the study at the 2017 SGIM National Meeting Krebs and her team learned that in a sample of 240 Veter- and caught the attention of the Star Tribune, which publians with back pain and hip/knee osteoarthritis, pain inter- cized the study in its May 4, 2017 article, "Minneapolis VA ference with functioning did not differ between the two Study Challenges Wide Use of Opioids." And last month,



SPACE Trial Receives National & International Attention cont'd

received national and international attention. It has been integrated pain team management) on pain and opioid use featured on 186 media outlets including U.S. News and in a 12-month period. VOICE is an effort to investigate the World Report, New York Times, NPR, Newsweek, Los An- best way to optimize pain care and reduce harms from opigeles Times, Business Insider, to name a few. The article oid therapy. currently has an Almetric score of 2854, which is ranked 7th out of over 21,600 JAMA articles!

Now, Dr. Krebs and her team are hard at work on another phase of this important research. The Veterans' Pain Care Organizational Improvement Comparative Effectiveness (VOICE) trial, a PCORI-funded study. In a sample of Veterans on long-term high-dose opioids for chronic pain, VOICE will compare the effectiveness of two pain care delivery

the team published the findings in JAMA. The article has strategies (telecare collaborative pain management and



New in CCDOR Research

MARVEL

proaches to Reduce Veterans Pain and Enhance by the DoD as part of the Collaboratory. Life (MARVEL)," is part of a broader effort to reduce chronic musculoskeletal (MSK) pain and co-morbid conditions among Veterans through scalable, non-pharmacologic, evidence-based strategies that are "Veteran-Centric" and dewomen).

Defense, National Institute of Health, and the Department of Veterans Affairs, with the three agencies together pledg-Dr. Diana Burgess's newest study, "Mindfulness Ap- ing \$81 million in grants over 6 years. MARVEL is funded

Kicking CAUTI

Dr. Dimitri Drekonja, Minneapolis VA Chief of Infectious signed to optimize Veteran engagement, adherence, and Diseases, is the Site PI for the HSR&D-funded "Less is sustainability. MARVEL aims to test two approaches for More: Improving Antimicrobial Stewardship for Asymptodelivering effective non-pharmacological treatment for matic Bacteriuria" (PI: Barbara Trautner, Houston VA). This chronic pain. As one of four sites involved in the MARVEL IIR, known as the Kicking CAUTI study, will evaluate the trial, Minneapolis VA will be testing one of these approach- effectiveness of the Kicking CAUTI campaign across four es — Mindfulness-Based Interventions (MBIs) that incorpo- VA medical centers while assessing the adoption, fidelity, rate mobile application technology in order to reach large generalizability, and necessary dose of the intervention. numbers of Veterans. The project will also focus on adapt- The Kicking CAUTI intervention led to a 71% reduction in ing interventions to fit the needs of women Veterans, a pri-screening for asymptomatic bacteriuria (ASB) and a 75% ority population that is at elevated risk for chronic MSK pain reduction in treatment of ASB at one major VA medical cenand mental health comorbidities, and will be the first study ter in a previous investigation. Using a stepped-wedge deto have a large enough sample to examine the effects of sign, the current IIR will start with a pre-implementation as-MBIs on women with chronic pain (n=375 men, n=375 sessments of context, barriers and facilitators at each site in the first year. The study team will then evaluate imple-Notably, the MARVEL study was funded through a new mentation of a scalable version of the Kicking CAUTI interand unique funding mechanism bringing together federal vention (individualized, case-based audit and feedback) in agencies to address the public health crises of chronic pain four geographically distinct VA medical centers. Finally, the and the opioid epidemic. The Pain Management Collabora- team will conduct a budget impact analysis to assess the tory is a research initiative partnering the Department of financial implications of the intervention. Although entitled



New in CCDOR Research cont'd

"Kicking CAUTI," the intervention will apply to Veterans 1) with and without urinary catheters and will be performed in acute and long-term care.

PERSIST 2.0

On the heels of their impactful HSR&D CREATE project. PERSIST (see below), Dr. Nina Sayer and her team were recently awarded HSR&D funding to build on PERSIST. 3) refine the toolkit for national distribution. The new project, PERSIST 2.0, which is a collaboration The PTSD EBP Implementation Toolkit will be a living docwith the National Center for PTSD and the Office of Mental ument that can be updated to include additional promising Health and Suicide Prevention, will pilot an implementation strategies and resources to improve CPT and PE reach strategy to improve the accessibility and uptake of Cogni- and ensure sustainability over time. Findings from this pilot tive Processing Therapy and Prolonged Exposure. Using a will inform future implementation and quality improvement quasi-experimental, repeated measure (pre-post) design, efforts. the study aims to

- increase the reach of CPT and PE in 2 PTSD teams where reach is low (< 16%) using external facilitation and a PTSD EBP Implementation Toolkit to spread the clinic practices of high reach teams;
- conduct formative evaluation to inform the implementation strategy, monitor implementation progress, and examine contextual factors associated with the success of our implementation strategy; and

CCDOR Research Has Local and National Impact!

CREATE Study Shapes EBP Reach Efforts

health and Mental Health Services Research, were dis-PTSD who receive CPT and PE.

Lung Cancer Screening Tracking Tool

The National Lung Cancer Screening Trial demonstrated duced lung-cancer mortality in high-risk smokers. In response, VA's National Center for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention (NCP) conducted a demonstration project with the MVAHCS serving as 1 of the 8 participating for innovative clinical processes. sites. CCDOR investigators (Drs. Steve Fu and Anne

Melzer) contributed to MVAHCS's participation in the demonstration project and evaluated the implementation of Drs. Nina Sayer and Craig Rosen (VA Palo Alto) and lung cancer screening by conducting a survey of more than colleagues examined team and organizational factors as- 1,000 Veterans eligible for lung cancer screening. Subsesociated with reach of two evidence-based psychothera- quently, the MVAHCS and CCDOR investigators develpies (Cognitive Processing Therapy and Prolonged Expo-oped a tracking tool for incidentally detected pulmonary sure) for PTSD to patients across VHA specialty outpatient nodules, lung cancer screening, and post-cancer resection PTSD teams in their HSR&D CREATE project, PERSIST. follow-up. The tracking tool is integrated with CPRS and Findings, published in Administration and Policy in Mental helps ensure that the best care is delivered for these complex and longitudinal care processes. At the request of Dr. seminated to their partners in the Office of Mental Health Jane Kim, Chief Consultant for NCP, the development of and Suicide Prevention (OMHSP) and the National Center this tracking tool was expedited to aid in national lung canfor PTSD (NCPTSD). Both offices are using these findings cer screening implementation efforts. To date, the nodule to inform efforts to increase the number of patients with tracking portion of the tool has been implemented throughout VISN 23, and 8 sites nationally are in the process of implementing the database for tracking incidental pulmonary nodules and lung cancer screening. Using operational funds provided by NCP, the MVAHCS and CCDOR have been providing technical and implementation support to that annual low-dose computed tomography screening re- new sites across the country to improve the efficiency of adoption as part of the VA National Lung Cancer Screening Toolkit. This work has been recognized with an ICare award from NCP and by the VISN 23 Network Star award



Selected CCDOR Publications

Krebs EE, Gravely A, Nugent S, Jensen AC, DeRonne B, Goldsmith ES, Kroenke K, Bair MJ, **Noorbaloochi S**. Effect of opioid vs nonopioid medications on pain-related function in patients with chronic back pain or hip or knee osteoarthritis pain: the SPACE randomized clinical trial. JAMA. 2018;319(9):872-82.

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Center for Chronic Disease Outcomes Research (CCDOR)

Director: Steven Fu, M.D., M.S.C.E.

CCDOR was founded in 1998 and currently employs 26 core MD and PhD Investigators and over 50 Research and Administrative Support Staff. It supports over 70 funded studies and several research training programs for post-doctoral level Investigators.

Center of Innovation

In 2013, CCDOR became a VA Center of Innovation (COIN). The COIN program rewards research innovations and partnerships to ensure that research has the greatest possible impact on VHA policies, healthcare practices, and health outcomes for Veterans. COINs emphasize detailed strategic planning and collaboration in one or more focused areas of research, partnerships with VA clinical and/or operations leaders, and accelerated movement toward implementation and impact.

CCDOR's Focused Areas of Research

- Evidence-based therapies for PTSD
- Cancer prevention and screening (tobacco use, colorectal, prostate)
- Chronic pain

Partner Offices

- Office of Mental Health and Suicide Prevention
- National Center for PTSD
- VA Primary Care Program Office
- VA Midwest Health Care Network, VISN 23
- National Center for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention (NCP)
- VHA Pain Management (Program Office)

For More Information

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